

**IN THE CLAIMS**

Please amend claims 8, 65 and 70 and add claim 71 to read as follows:

Claims 1-7. (Canceled)

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1           8. (Currently Amended) A method of providing protection from reactive oxygen species, the  
2 method comprising the steps of:

3           preparing a breathable composition comprising oxygen intentionally supplemented with a  
4 fuel gas;

5           providing said breathable composition to an animal on land while the animal is surrounded  
6 by a gaseous environment; and

7           within said animal, ~~oxidizing~~ scavenging said reactive oxygen species with said fuel gas.

1           9.(Original) The method of claim 8, said animal being a human.

1           10.(Original) The method of claim 8, further comprising providing the animal with the  
2 breathable composition continually for a period of time greater than one hour.

1           11.(Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising providing the animal with the  
2 breathable composition continually for a period of time greater than one day.

1           12.(Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising providing the animal with the  
2 breathable composition continually for a period of time greater than one month.

1 13.(Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, said fuel gas being selected from hydrogen,  
2 methane, ethane, and propane.

Claim 14 (Canceled)

1 15.(Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, said breathable composition being an  
2 explosive composition.

1 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 15, further comprising explosion-proofing the  
2 environment where the breathable composition is being provided to prevent ignition of the  
3 breathable composition or exhaled gas.

1 17.(Original) The method of claim 8, the breathable composition being provided at or near  
2 atmospheric pressure.

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1 18.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 17, the providing of the breathable composition being  
2 performed using an open circuit apparatus.

1 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, the providing of the breathable composition being  
2 performed using a closed circuit apparatus.

1           20.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, the providing of the breathable composition being  
2 performed using a semi-closed circuit apparatus.

1           21.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, further comprising the steps of:  
2           filling a first chamber having an open bottom with the breathable composition, said first  
3 chamber being positioned in a second chamber, said breathable composition being lighter than an  
4 ambient air so that said breathable composition is held in said first chamber; and  
5           positioning the animal in the first chamber with the open bottom so that the animal breathes  
6 the breathable composition.

1           22.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, further comprising:  
2 explosion-proofing the environment in the first and second chambers.

1           Claim 23 (Canceled)

1           24.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, further comprising:  
2 scrubbing an exhaled gas of the first chamber to remove carbon dioxide.

1           25.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, said breathable composition comprising at least  
2 66% hydrogen by volume.

1           26.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, said breathable composition comprising hydrogen  
2 and acetylene.

1           27.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 21, the breathable composition in the first chamber  
2           having a density less than about 75% of the ambient air.

1           28.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, the step of providing further comprising the steps  
2           of:  
3           positioning the animal in a building with a ventilation system; and  
4           supplying said fuel gas into the ventilation system to provide the breathable composition  
5           inside the building.

1           29.(Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, the step of providing said breathable  
2           composition simultaneously with the step of preparing said breathable composition by supplying said  
3           fuel gas to a respiratory tract of the animal so that, upon inhalation of the fuel gas and ambient air,  
4           said breathable composition is provided to the animal.

Claim 30 (Canceled)

1           31.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, further comprised of supplying the breathable  
2           composition to the animal via an oral-nasal mask or a helmet.

1           32.(Previously Presented) The method of claim 29, further comprised of maintaining a  
2           selected concentration of the fuel gas in the breathable composition by regulating a rate of  
3           supply of said fuel gas to the respiratory tract.

1           33. (Withdrawn) A method of protecting a person from reactive oxygen species, the method  
2 comprising the steps of:

3           preparing a fuel gas;

4           providing an animal on land while the animal is surrounded by a gaseous environment with  
5 a nasal delivery system; and

6           supplying said fuel gas to the animal through said nasal delivery system, so that, upon  
7 inhalation of said fuel gas and ambient air, said fuel gas is provided to the animal with said ambient  
8 air, said nasal delivery system further comprising a supply of a fuel gas, a supply line connected to  
9 said supply of the fuel gas, a flow restrictor mounted in said supply line, said flow restrictor  
10 restricting a flow of the fuel gas, and a valve mounted in said supply line, said valve shutting off the  
11 flow of the fuel gas.

1           Claim 34 (Canceled)

1           35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 33, with said nasal delivery system being a face mask.

1           36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 33, with said fuel gas being hydrogen.

1           37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 33, with said fuel gas being acetylene.

1           38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, said building comprising:

2 a ducting in the building for providing air to an inside of the building;

3 an explosion-proof blower connected to the ducting and having a return inlet from the inside  
4 of the building;

5 a constant pressure source of said fuel gas;

6 a flow restrictor for restricting the flow of said fuel gas; and

7 a flow diffuser installed in the ducting downstream of the explosion-proof blower.

1 39.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, further comprised of opening a valve installed  
2 between said pressure source and said flow diffuser when said explosion-proof blower is operating.

1 40.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, said further comprised of:  
2 installing a flow sensor in said ducting; and  
3 opening a valve installed between said pressure source and said flow diffuser when said flow  
4 sensor detects air flow in the ducting.

1 41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, said further comprised of:  
2 positioning a fuel-gas sensor inside the building; and  
3 opening a valve installed between said pressure source and said flow diffuser when said fuel-  
4 gas sensor detects a particular level of said fuel gas inside the building.

1 42.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, further comprised of said flow restrictor allowing  
2 a flow rate of said fuel gas achieving a level of said fuel gas inside the house which is approximately  
3 75% of an explosive limit.

1 43.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, further comprised of said breathable composition  
2 being an explosive composition.

1 44.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, with said breathable composition consisting  
2 essentially of hydrogen, acetylene and oxygen.

1 45.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, with said breathable composition consisting  
2 essentially of hydrogen and oxygen.

1 46.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, with said breathable composition having a density  
2 less than 75% that of air.

1 47.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, with said first chamber further comprising a  
2 flexible skirt suspended from a lip defined by the open bottom of the first chamber.

1 48.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, wherein said first chamber is further comprised of  
2 an overflow pipe extending from an entry opening above the open bottom of the first chamber  
3 through the top of the first chamber, and said second chamber is further comprised of a check valve  
4 at the top of the overflow pipe, said check valve is located in a region providing ventilation.

1 49.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 48, further comprising:  
2 positioning an inlet muffler inside the first chamber below the approximate height of a mouth  
3 of the animal in the first chamber;

4 purifying the breathable composition drawn by the inlet muffler by locating a life support  
5 system outside the first chamber and connecting the life support system to said inlet muffler; and  
6 purifying breathable composition to supplied to the first chamber by installing a muffler  
7 diffuser pipe inside the first chamber and connecting the pipe to the life support system.

1 50.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 49, said life support system further comprising:  
2 a CO<sub>2</sub> scrubber;  
3 a temperature and humidity control;  
4 an oxygen supply supplementing oxygen;  
5 a secondary loop scrubbing nitrogen, argon, oils and other contaminants; and  
6 an alarm system alerting when there is a failure in the system.

Claim 51 (Canceled)

Claim 52 (Canceled)

1 53.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, further comprising:  
2 an antistatic mat on a floor under the first chamber.

1 54.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 30, said delivering means comprising:  
2 an electrolytic cell for electrolyzing water to hydrogen and oxygen, said breathable  
3 composition consisting essentially of said hydrogen and said oxygen produced by said electrolytic  
4 cell;



5 a supply buffer tank connected to the electrolytic cell for containing said breathable  
6 composition produced by the electrolytic cell;

7 a dome-loaded regulator connected to the supply buffer tank for supplying the;

8 a hose connected to the dome-loaded regulator; and

9 a helmet connected to the hose for supplying the breathable composition to a head of the  
10 animal.

1 55.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 54, said delivering means further comprising:

2 a return hose connected to the helmet, for allowing said breathable composition to leave the  
cl 3 helmet;

4 a dome-loaded back-pressure regulator connected to the return hose, said dome-loaded back-  
5 pressure regulator controlling the pressure in the helmet to a negative pressure;

6 a return buffer tank connected to said dome-loaded back pressure regulator for smoothing  
7 a flow of said breathable composition through the helmet; and

8 an explosion-proof suction compressor for providing negative pressure to the helmet.

1 56.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 55, said delivering means further comprising:

2 a first sensing line extending from said helmet to said dome-loaded regulator; and

3 a second sensing line extending from said helmet to said dome-loaded back-pressure  
4 regulator.

1 57.(Withdrawn) The method of claim 56, said delivering means further comprising:

2 said suction compressor being designed to produce a negative pressure of approximately 3

3 PSI.

1 58. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising providing the animal with the  
2 breathable composition continually for a period of time greater than 4 hours.

1 59. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising providing the animal with the  
2 breathable composition for a cumulative time of greater than 15 hours in one day.

1 60. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising providing the animal with the  
2 breathable composition for an average of greater than 12 hours a day over 30 consecutive days.

1 61. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of providing  
2 the breathable composition under a hyperbaric condition.

1 62. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, with said fuel gas being acetylene.

1 63. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, preparing said breathable composition  
2 by delivering ambient air together with said fuel gas.

1 64. (Withdrawn) A method of providing protection from reactive oxygen species, the method  
2 comprising the steps of:  
3 electrolyzing water to hydrogen and oxygen by an electrolytic cell; and

4 supplying said oxygen and said hydrogen in a helmet; and  
5 positioning a head of the animal in said helmet.

1 65. (Currently Amended) A method of providing protection from reactive oxygen species,  
2 the method comprising the steps of:

3 preparing a breathable composition comprising oxygen intentionally supplemented with  
4 c1 acetylene;

5 providing an animal on land while surrounded by a gaseous environment with said ~~breathable~~  
6 breathable composition; and

7 within said animal, ~~oxidizing~~ scavenging said reactive oxygen species with said acetylene.

1 66. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 65, with said oxygen being supplied from  
2 an ambient air.

1 67. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 65, with said breathable composition further  
2 intentionally supplemented with a fuel gas.

1 68. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 67, said fuel gas being selected from  
2 hydrogen, methane, ethane, and propane.

1 69. (Withdrawn) A method of providing protection from reactive oxygen species, the method

2 comprising the steps of:

3 providing a breathable composition comprising a first fuel gas and an oxygen, said breathable  
4 composition being lighter than an ambient air;

5 filling a first chamber having an open bottom with the breathable composition, said first  
6 chamber being positioned in a second chamber; and

7 positioning an animal in the first chamber with the open bottom so that the animal breathes  
8 the breathable composition.

9 purifying the breathable composition by a life support system, said life support system  
10 comprising a CO<sub>2</sub> scrubber, a temperature and humidity controller, an oxygen supply supplementing  
11 oxygen, a secondary loop for scrubbing nitrogen, argon, oils and other contaminants, and an alarm  
12 system for alerting when there is a failure in the system.

1 70. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 8 ~~claim 61~~, further comprising the step of  
2 providing the breathable composition under a hypobaric condition.

1 71. (New) A method of providing protection from reactive oxygen species, the method  
2 comprising the steps of:

3 preparing a breathable composition consisting essentially of oxygen intentionally  
4 supplemented with hydrogen gas;

5 providing said breathable composition to an animal on land; and

6 within said animal, scavenging said reactive oxygen species with said hydrogen gas.